

APT11GF120BRD

1200V 22A

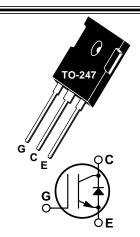
Fast IGBT & FRED

The Fast IGBT™ is a new generation of high voltage power IGBTs. Using Non-Punch Through Technology the Fast IGBT™ combined with an APT free-wheeling ultraFast Recovery Epitaxial Diode (FRED) offers superior ruggedness and fast switching speed.

- Low Forward Voltage Drop
- High Freq. Switching to 20KHz

Low Tail Current

- Ultra Low Leakage Current
- RBSOA and SCSOA Rated
- Ultrafast Soft Recovery Antiparallel Diode



MAXIMUM RATINGS (IGBT)

All Ratings: $T_C = 25^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise specified.

Symbol	Parameter	APT11GF120BRD	UNIT
V _{CES}	Collector-Emitter Voltage	1200	
V _{CGR}	Collector-Gate Voltage $(R_{GE} = 20K\Omega)$	1200	Volts
V _{GE}	Gate-Emitter Voltage	±20	VOILS
I _{C1}	Continuous Collector Current @ T _C = 25°C	22	
I _{C2}	Continuous Collector Current @ T _C = 110°C	11	Amna
I _{CM1}	Pulsed Collector Current ① @ T _C = 25°C	44	Amps
I _{CM2}	Pulsed Collector Current (1) @ T _C = 110°C	22	
P _D	Total Power Dissipation	125	Watts
T _J ,T _{STG}	Operating and Storage Junction Temperature Range	-55 to 150	°C
TL	Max. Lead Temp. for Soldering: 0.063" from Case for 10 Sec.	300	

STATIC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (IGBT)

Symbol	Characteristic / Test Conditions	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
BV _{CES}	Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage $(V_{GE} = 0V, I_C = 0.6mA)$	1200			
V _{GE} (TH)	Gate Threshold Voltage $(V_{CE} = V_{GE}, I_C = 350\mu\text{A}, T_j = 25^{\circ}\text{C})$	4.5	5.5	6.5	Volts
V _{CE} (ON)	Collector-Emitter On Voltage $(V_{GE} = 15V, I_C = I_{C2}, T_j = 25^{\circ}C)$		2.5	3.0	
	Collector-Emitter On Voltage $(V_{GE} = 15V, I_C = I_{C2}, T_j = 125^{\circ}C)$		3.1	3.7	
I _{CES}	Collector Cut-off Current $(V_{CE} = V_{CES}, V_{GE} = 0V, T_j = 25^{\circ}C)$			0.6	mA
	Collector Cut-off Current (V _{CE} = V _{CES} , V _{GE} = 0V, T _j = 125°C)			3.0	
I _{GES}	Gate-Emitter Leakage Current (V _{GE} = ±20V, V _{CE} = 0V)			±100	nA

CAUTION: These Devices are Sensitive to Electrostatic Discharge. Proper Handling Procedures Should Be Followed.

	Test Conditions	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Input Capacitance	Capacitance		600	800	
Output Capacitance	$V_{GE} = 0V$		90	130	pF
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	v _{CE} = 25v f = 1 MHz		38	65	
Total Gate Charge ②	Gate Charge		60		
Gate-Emitter Charge	-		8		nC
Gate-Collector ("Miller") Charge			38		
Turn-on Delay Time	Resistive Switching (25°C)		10		
Rise Time	V _{GE} = 15V		50		
Turn-off Delay Time			55		ns
Fall Time	* *-		110		
Turn-on Delay Time			13		
Rise Time	Inductive Switching (125°C)		20		
Turn-off Delay Time	$V_{CLAMP}(Peak) = 0.66V_{CES}$		125		ns
Fall Time	<u> </u>		90		
Turn-on Switching Energy ③	$R_G = 10\Omega$	G	.5		
Turn-off Switching Energy	T _J = +125°C		1.0		mJ
Total Switching Losses ③	Chi	. 1	1.5		
Turn-on Delay Time	Inductive Switching (25°C)		13		
Rise Time	$V_{CLAMP}(Peak) = 0.66V_{CES}$		20		
Turn-off Delay Time	0_		110		ns
Fall Time	$R_G = 10\Omega$		90		
Total Switching Losses ③	T _J = +25°C		1.0		mJ
Forward Transconductance	$V_{CE} = 20V, I_{C} = I_{C2}$	4.7			S
	Reverse Transfer Capacitance Total Gate Charge ② Gate-Emitter Charge Gate-Collector ("Miller") Charge Turn-on Delay Time Rise Time Turn-off Delay Time Fall Time Turn-off Delay Time Fall Time Turn-off Delay Time Fall Time Turn-off Switching Energy ③ Turn-off Switching Losses ③ Turn-on Delay Time Rise Time Total Switching Losses ③	Output Capacitance $V_{CE} = 25V$ Reverse Transfer Capacitance $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$ Total Gate Charge $\textcircled{2}$ Gate ChargeGate-Emitter Charge $V_{CE} = 15V$ Gate-Collector ("Miller") Charge $I_{C} = I_{C2}$ Turn-on Delay TimeResistive Switching (25°C)Rise Time $V_{CE} = 0.8V_{CES}$ Turn-off Delay Time $I_{C} = I_{C2}$ Fall TimeInductive Switching (125°C)Turn-off Delay Time $V_{CLAMP}(Peak) = 0.66V_{CES}$ Fall Time $I_{C} = I_{C2}$ Turn-on Switching Energy $\textcircled{3}$ $I_{C} = I_{C2}$ Total Switching Losses $\textcircled{3}$ $I_{CAMP}(Peak) = 0.66V_{CES}$ Turn-on Delay Time $I_{CAMP}(Peak) = 0.66V_{CES}$ $V_{CLAMP}(Peak) =$	Output Capacitance $V_{CE} = 25V$ $f = 1 \text{MHz}$ $Total Gate Charge ②$ $Gate Charge$ $V_{GE} = 15V$ $V_{CC} = 0.5V_{CES}$ $I_{C} = I_{C2}$ $Turn-on Delay Time$ $Turn-onf Delay Time$ $Turn-onf Delay Time$ $Turn-onf Switching Energy ③$ $Turn-onf Delay Time$ $Turn-onf Delay Time$ $Turn-onf Delay Time$ $Turn-onf Delay Time$ $Turn-onf Switching Losses ③$ $Turn-onf Delay Time$ $Turn-onf Delay Time$ $Turn-onf Delay Time$ $Turn-onf Switching Energy ①$ $Turn-onf Switching Energy ①$ $Turn-onf Delay Time$ $Turn-onf Switching Energy ①$ $Turn-onf Switching Energy ②$ $Turn-onf Switching Energy ②$ $Turn-onf Switching Energy ③$ $Turn-onf Switching Energy ③$ $Turn-onf Switching Energy ③$ $Turn-onf Switching Energy ③$ $Turn-onf Switching Energy ①$ $Turn-onf Switching Energy ②$ $Turn-onf Switching Energy ③$ $Turn-onf Switching Energy ②$ $Turn-onf Switching Energy ②$ $Turn-onf Swi$	Output Capacitance $V_{CE} = 25V$ $f = 1 \text{MHz}$ 38Reverse Transfer Capacitance $f = 1 \text{MHz}$ 38Total Gate Charge ②Gate Charge60Gate-Emitter Charge $V_{CE} = 0.5V_{CES}$ 8Gate-Collector ("Miller") Charge $I_{CE} = I_{CE}$ 38Turn-on Delay TimeResistive Switching (25°C)10Rise Time $V_{CE} = 0.8V_{CES}$ 50Turn-off Delay Time $I_{CE} = I_{CE}$ 55Fall Time $I_{CE} = I_{CE}$ 55Fall Time $I_{CE} = I_{CE}$ 20Turn-of Delay Time $I_{CE} = I_{CE}$ 125Fall Time $I_{CE} = I_{CE}$ 125Turn-off Delay Time $I_{CE} = I_{CE}$ 90Turn-off Switching Energy $I_{CE} = I_{CE}$ 90Total Switching Losses ③ $I_{CE} = I_{CE}$ 1.0Turn-of Delay TimeInductive Switching (25°C)13 $I_{CE} = I_{CE}$ 10 $I_{CE} = I_{CE}$ $I_{CE} = I_{CE}$ 20 $I_{CE} = I_{CE}$ 30 $I_{CE} = I_{CE}$ 30 $I_{CE} = I_{CE}$ 30 $I_{CE} = I_{CE}$ 30 $I_{CE} =$	Output Capacitance V _{CE} = 25V 90 130 Reverse Transfer Capacitance f = 1 MHz 38 65 Total Gate Charge ② Gate Charge 60 60 Gate-Emitter Charge V _{CC} = 0.5V _{CES} 8 Gate-Collector ("Miller") Charge I _C = I _{C2} 38 Turn-on Delay Time Resistive Switching (25°C) 10 Rise Time V _{GE} = 15V 50 Turn-off Delay Time I _C = I _{C2} 55 Fall Time Inductive Switching (125°C) 20 Turn-off Delay Time Inductive Switching (125°C) 20 V _{CLAMP} (Peak) = 0.66V _{CES} 125 125 V _{GE} = 15V 90 15 Turn-off Delay Time Inductive Switching (25°C) 1.0 Total Switching Losses ③ 1.5 1.5 Turn-off Delay Time Inductive Switching (25°C) 13 V _{CLAMP} (Peak) = 0.66V _{CES} 20 V _{CLAMP} (Peak) = 0.66V _{CES} 20 V _{CLAMP} (Peak) = 0.66V _{CES} 20 V _{CLAMP} (Peak) = 0.66V _{CES} 20 <

THERMAL AND MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS (IGBT and FRED)

Symbol	Characteristic	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$R_{\Theta JC}$	Junction to Case (IGBT)			1.00	°C/W
	Junction to Case (FRED)			2.0	
R_{\ThetaJA}	Junction to Ambient			40	
W _T	Package Weight		0.22		oz
			6.1		gm
Torque	Mounting Torque using a 6-32 or 3mm Binding Head Machine Screw			10	lb•in
				1.1	N•m

 $[\]ensuremath{\textcircled{1}}$ Repetitive Rating: Pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature.

② See MIL-STD-750 Method 3471

^③ Switching losses include the FRED and IGBT.

APT Reserves the right to change, without notice, the specifications and information contained herein.

ULTRAFAST SOFT RECOVERY PARALLEL DIODE

MAXIMUM RATINGS (FRED)

All Ratings: $T_C = 25$ °C unless otherwise specified.

Symbol	Characteristic / Test Conditions	APT11GF120BRD	UNIT
V_R	Maximum D.C. Reverse Voltage		
V_{RRM}	Maximum Peak Repetitive Reverse Voltage	1200	Volts
V _{RWM}	Maximum Working Peak Reverse Voltage		
I _F (AV)	Maximum Average Forward Current (T _C = 85°C, Duty Cycle = 0.5)	15	
I _F (RMS)	RMS Forward Current	29	Amps
I _{FSM}	Non-Repetitive Forward Surge Current (T _J = 45°C, 8.3ms)	110	

STATIC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (FRED)

Symbol	Characteristic / Test Conditions		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
	Maximum Forward Voltage	I _F = 15A			2.5	Volts
V _F		I _F = 30A		2.5		
				2.2		
I _{RM}		$V_R = V_R$ Rated			250	μA
				500	μΛ	
L _S	Series Inductance (Lead to Lead 5mm from Base)		N	10		nΗ

DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS (FRED)

Symbol	Characteristic		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
t _{rr1}	Reverse Recovery Time, $I_F = 1.0A$, $di_F/dt = -15A/\mu s$, $V_R = 30V$,	T _J = 25°C		48	TBD	
t _{rr2}	Reverse Recovery Time	_J = 25°C		60		
t _{rr3}	$I_F = 15A, di_F/dt = -100A/\mu s, V_R = 650V$	_J = 100°C		132		ns
t _{fr1}	Forward Recovery Time T	_J = 25°C		192		
t _{fr2}	$I_F = 15A, di_F/dt = 100A/\mu s, V_R = 650V$	_J = 100°C		211		
I _{RRM1}	Reverse Recovery Current T	_J = 25°C		4.0	TBD	Amne
I _{RRM2}	$I_F = 15A$, $di_F/dt = -100A/\mu s$, $V_R = 650V$	_J = 100°C		7	TBD	Amps
Q _{rr1}	Recovery Charge T	_J = 25°C		126		nC
Q _{rr2}	$I_F = 15A, di_F/dt = -100A/\mu s, V_R = 650V$	_J = 100°C		523		nc
V _{fr1}	Forward Recovery Voltage	_J = 25°C		12		Volts
V _{fr2}	$I_F = 15A, di_F/dt = 100A/\mu s, V_R = 650V$	_J = 100°C		18		
diM/dt	Rate of Fall of Recovery Current T	_J = 25°C		166		A/µs
ulivi/ut	$I_F = 15A, di_F/dt = -100A/\mu s, V_R = 650V$	_J = 100°C		81		-7/μ5

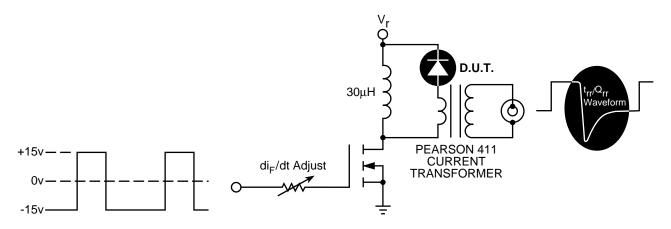


Figure 25, Diode Reverse Recovery Test Circuit and Waveforms

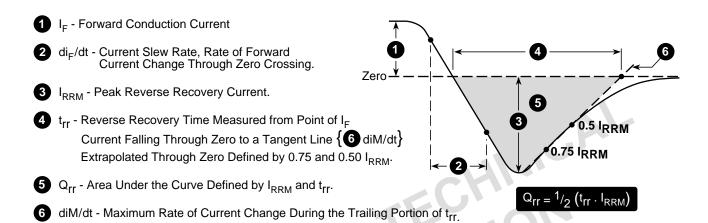


Figure 8, Diode Reverse Recovery Waveform and Definitions

TO-247 Package Outline

