

October 2010

FDMS3600S

Dual N-Channel PowerTrench® MOSFET

N-Channel: 25 V, 30 A, 5.6 m Ω N-Channel: 25 V, 40 A, 1.6 m Ω

Features

Q1: N-Channel

- Max $r_{DS(on)} = 5.6 \text{ m}\Omega$ at $V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}$, $I_D = 15 \text{ A}$
- Max $r_{DS(on)} = 8.1 \text{ m}\Omega$ at $V_{GS} = 4.5 \text{ V}$, $I_D = 14 \text{ A}$

Q2: N-Channel

- Max $r_{DS(on)} = 1.6 \text{ m}\Omega$ at $V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}$, $I_D = 30 \text{ A}$
- Max $r_{DS(on)}$ = 2.4 m Ω at V_{GS} = 4.5 V, I_D = 25 A
- Low inductance packaging shortens rise/fall times, resulting in lower switching losses
- MOSFET integration enables optimum layout for lower circuit inductance and reduced switch node ringing
- RoHS Compliant

General Description

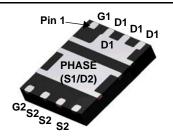
This device includes two specialized N-Channel MOSFETs in a dual PQFN package. The switch node has been internally connected to enable easy placement and routing of synchronous buck converters. The control MOSFET (Q1) and synchronous SyncFET (Q2) have been designed to provide optimal power efficiency.

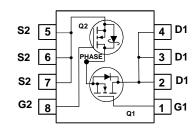
Applications

- Computing
- Communications
- General Purpose Point of Load
- Notebook VCORE









Top Power 56 Bottom MOSFET Maximum Ratings $T_A = 25$ °C unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Parameter		Q1	Q2	Units
V_{DS}	Drain to Source Voltage		25	25	V
V_{GS}	Gate to Source Voltage	(Note 3)	±20	±20	V
	Drain Current -Continuous (Package limited)	T _C = 25 °C	30	40	
	-Continuous (Silicon limited)	T _C = 25 °C	65	155	_
ID	-Continuous	T _A = 25 °C	15 ^{1a}	30 ^{1b}	A
	-Pulsed		40	100	
E _{AS}	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy		50 ⁴	200 ⁵	mJ
D	Power Dissipation for Single Operation	T _A = 25 °C	2.2 ^{1a}	2.5 ^{1b}	10/
P_{D}	Power Dissipation for Single Operation	T _A = 25 °C	1.0 ^{1c}	1.0 ^{1d}	W
T _J , T _{STG}	Operating and Storage Junction Temperature Range		-55 to	+150	°C

Thermal Characteristics

$R_{\theta JA}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction to Ambient	57 ^{1a}	50 ^{1b}	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction to Ambient	125 ^{1c}	120 ^{1d}	°C/W
$R_{\theta JC}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case	3.5	2	

Package Marking and Ordering Information

Device Marking	Device	Package	Reel Size	Tape Width	Quantity
22OA N9OC	FDMS3600S	Power 56	13 "	12 mm	3000 units

Electrical Characteristics T_J = 25 °C unless otherwise noted

Parameter	Test Conditions	Type	Min	Тур	Max	Units
cteristics						
Drain to Source Breakdown Voltage	$I_D = 250 \mu A, V_{GS} = 0 V$ $I_D = 1 \text{ mA}, V_{GS} = 0 V$	Q1 Q2	25 25			V
Breakdown Voltage Temperature Coefficient	I_D = 250 μ A, referenced to 25 °C I_D = 10 mA, referenced to 25 °C	Q1 Q2		20 18		mV/°C
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	V _{DS} = 20 V, V _{GS} = 0 V	Q1 Q2			1 500	μ Α μ Α
Gate to Source Leakage Current, Forward	V _{GS} = 20 V, V _{DS} = 0 V	Q1 Q2			100 100	nA nA
	Drain to Source Breakdown Voltage Breakdown Voltage Temperature Coefficient Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current Gate to Source Leakage Current,	Cteristics Drain to Source Breakdown Voltage $I_D = 250 \mu A, V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}$ Breakdown Voltage Temperature $I_D = 250 \mu A, V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}$ Coefficient $I_D = 250 \mu A, V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}$ Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current $V_{DS} = 20 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}$ Gate to Source Leakage Current, $V_{CS} = 20 \text{ V}, V_{CS} = 0 \text{ V}$	cteristics Drain to Source Breakdown Voltage $I_D = 250 \mu A$, $V_{GS} = 0 V$ Q1 $I_D = 1 mA$, $V_{GS} = 0 V$ Q2 Breakdown Voltage Temperature $I_D = 250 \mu A$, referenced to 25 °C Q1 Coefficient $I_D = 10 mA$, referenced to 25 °C Q2 Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current $V_{DS} = 20 V$, $V_{GS} = 0 V$ Q1 Gate to Source Leakage Current, $V_{CS} = 20 V$, $V_{CS} = 0 V$ Q1	ccteristics Drain to Source Breakdown Voltage $I_D = 250 \mu A, V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}$		ccteristics Drain to Source Breakdown Voltage $I_D = 250 \mu A, V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}$

On Characteristics

V	Gate to Source Threshold Voltage	$V_{GS} = V_{DS}, I_{D} = 250 \mu A$	Q1	1.1	1.8	2.7	V
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate to Source Threshold Voltage	$V_{GS} = V_{DS}$, $I_D = 1 \text{ mA}$	Q2	1	1.5	3	V
$\frac{\Delta V_{GS(th)}}{\Delta T_{.I}}$	Gate to Source Threshold Voltage	$I_D = 250 \mu A$, referenced to 25 °C	Q1		-6		mV/°C
ΔT_{J}	Temperature Coefficient	I _D = 10 mA, referenced to 25 °C	Q2		-5		IIIV/ C
		$V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}, I_D = 15 \text{ A}$			4.3	5.6	
		$V_{GS} = 4.5 \text{ V}, I_D = 14 \text{ A}$	Q1		6.2	8.1	
r	Drain to Source On Resistance	$V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}, I_D = 15 \text{ A}, T_J = 125 \text{ °C}$			5.9	8.7	mΩ
r _{DS(on)}	Dialit to Source Off Resistance	$V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}, I_D = 30 \text{ A}$			1.3	1.6	1115.2
		$V_{GS} = 4.5 \text{ V}, I_D = 25 \text{ A}$	Q2		1.7	2.4	
		$V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}, I_D = 30 \text{ A}, T_J = 125 ^{\circ}\text{C}$			1.8	2.7	
a	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS} = 5 \text{ V}, I_{D} = 15 \text{ A}$	Q1		67		S
9 _{FS}	roiward transconductance	$V_{DS} = 5 \text{ V}, I_{D} = 30 \text{ A}$	Q2		171		3

Dynamic Characteristics

C _{iss}	Input Capacitance	Q1: V _{DS} = 13 V, V _{GS} = 0 V, f = 1 MHZ	Q1 Q2		1330 4255	1770 5660	pF
C _{oss}	Output Capacitance	Q2:	Q1 Q2		358 1270	475 1690	pF
C _{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	$V_{DS} = 13 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}, f = 1 \text{ MHZ}$	Q1 Q2		61 156	90 235	pF
R_g	Gate Resistance		Q1 Q2	0.2 0.2	0.6 0.9	2	Ω

Switching Characteristics

t _{d(on)}	Turn-On Delay Time			Q1 Q2	7.9 13	16 23	ns
t _r	Rise Time		Q1: $V_{DD} = 13 \text{ V}, I_{D} = 15 \text{ A}, R_{GEN} = 6 \Omega$		2 5.3	10 11	ns
t _{d(off)}	Turn-Off Delay Time	Q2: V _{DD} = 13 V, I _D = 30	1 A P 6 O	Q1 Q2	19 38	34 60	ns
t _f	Fall Time	V _{DD} = 13 V, I _D = 30	7 A, K _{GEN} = 0 12	Q1 Q2	1.8 3.9	10 10	ns
Qg	Total Gate Charge	V _{GS} = 0 V to 10 V	Q1	Q1 Q2	19 59	27 82	nC
Qg	Total Gate Charge	V _{GS} = 0 V to 4.5 V	V _{DD} = 13 V, I _D = 15 A	Q1 Q2	9 27	13 38	nC
Q _{gs}	Gate to Source Gate Charge		Q2 V = 13 V	Q1 Q2	3.9 11		nC
Q _{gd}	Gate to Drain "Miller" Charge		$V_{DD} = 13 \text{ V},$ $I_D = 30 \text{ A}$	Q1 Q2	2.4 5.8		nC

Electrical Characteristics $T_J = 25$ °C unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Parameter	lest Conditions	туре	Win	тур	wax	Units
Drain-Sou	rce Diode Characteristics						
V_{SD}	Source to Drain Diode Forward Voltage	$V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}, I_S = 15 \text{ A}$ (Note 2)	Q1		8.0	1.2	V
V SD	Source to Drain blode 1 of ward voltage	$V_{GS} = 0 \text{ V}, I_{S} = 30 \text{ A}$ (Note 2)	Q2		8.0	1.2	v
+	Reverse Recovery Time	Q1	Q1		21	34	ns
۲rr	Reverse Recovery Time	$I_F = 15 \text{ A}, \text{ di/dt} = 100 \text{ A/}\mu\text{s}$	Q2		32	51	115
0	Reverse Recovery Charge	Q2	Q1		6.6	13	nC
Q _{rr}	Reverse Recovery Charge	$I_F = 30 \text{ A}, \text{ di/dt} = 300 \text{ A/}\mu\text{s}$	Q2		36	58	110

Notes:

13. R_{0,IA} is determined with the device mounted on a 1 in² pad 2 oz copper pad on a 1.5 x 1.5 in. board of FR-4 material. R_{0,IC} is guaranteed by design while R_{0CA} is determined by the user's board design.



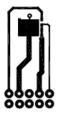
a. 57 °C/W when mounted on a 1 in² pad of 2 oz copper



b. 50 °C/W when mounted on a 1 in² pad of 2 oz copper



c. 125 °C/W when mounted on a minimum pad of 2 oz copper



d. 120 °C/W when mounted on a minimum pad of 2 oz copper

- 2: Pulse Test: Pulse Width < 300 μ s, Duty cycle < 2.0%.
- 3: As an N-ch device, the negative Vgs rating is for low duty cycle pulse ocurrence only. No continuous rating is implied.
- 4: E_{AS} of 50 mJ is based on starting T_J = 25 °C; N-ch: L = 1 mH, I_{AS} = 10 A, V_{DD} = 23 V, V_{GS} = 10 V. 100% test at L=0.3 mH, I_{AS} = 15 A.
- 5: E_{AS} of 200 mJ is based on starting $T_J = 25$ $^{\circ}C$; N-ch: L = 1 mH, $I_{AS} = 20$ A, $V_{DD} = 23$ V, $V_{GS} = 10$ V. 100% test at L=0.3 mH, $I_{AS} = 30$ A.

Typical Characteristics (Q1 N-Channel) T_J = 25 °C unless otherwise noted

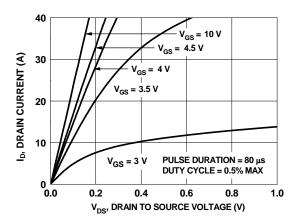


Figure 1. On Region Characteristics

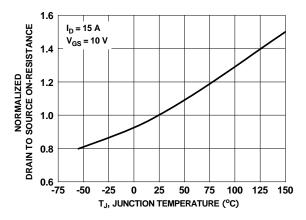


Figure 3. Normalized On Resistance vs Junction Temperature

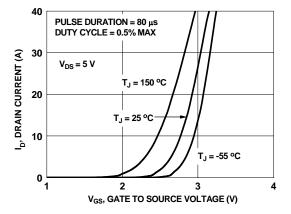


Figure 5. Transfer Characteristics

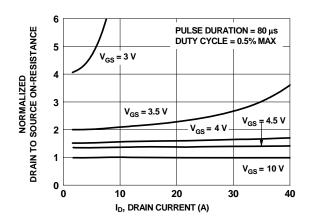


Figure 2. Normalized On-Resistance vs Drain Current and Gate Voltage

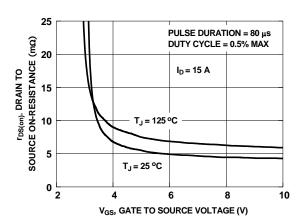


Figure 4. On-Resistance vs Gate to Source Voltage

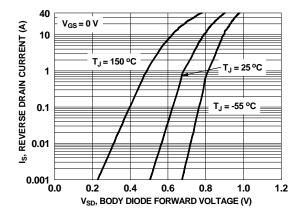


Figure 6. Source to Drain Diode Forward Voltage vs Source Current

Typical Characteristics (Q1 N-Channel) T_J = 25 °C unless otherwise noted

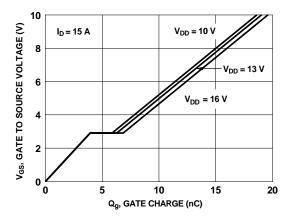


Figure 7. Gate Charge Characteristics

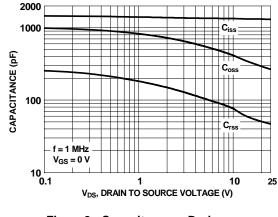


Figure 8. Capacitance vs Drain to Source Voltage

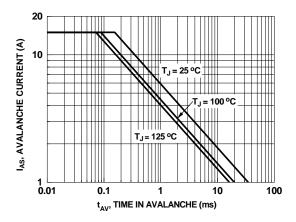


Figure 9. Unclamped Inductive Switching Capability

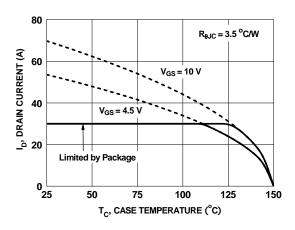


Figure 10. Maximum Continuous Drain Current vs Case Temperature

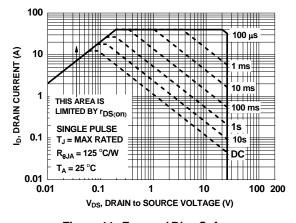


Figure 11. Forward Bias Safe Operating Area

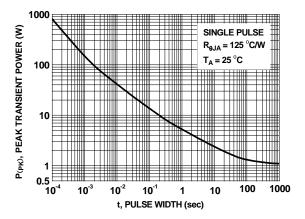


Figure 12. Single Pulse Maximum Power Dissipation

Typical Characteristics (Q1 N-Channel) T_J = 25 °C unless otherwise noted

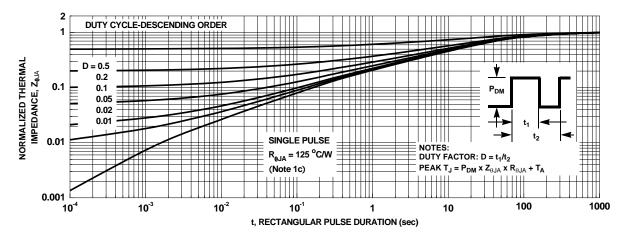


Figure 13. Junction-to-Ambient Transient Thermal Response Curve

Typical Characteristics (Q2 N-Channel) T_J = 25 °C unlenss otherwise noted

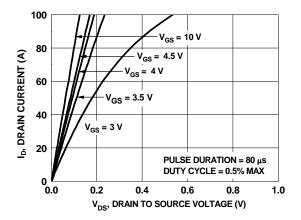


Figure 14. On-Region Characteristics

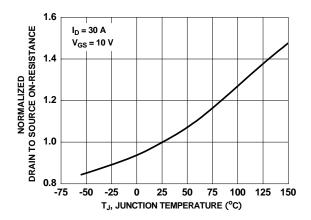


Figure 16. Normalized On-Resistance vs Junction Temperature

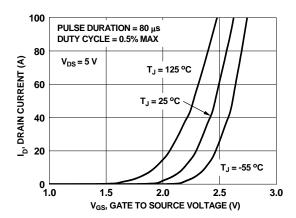


Figure 18. Transfer Characteristics

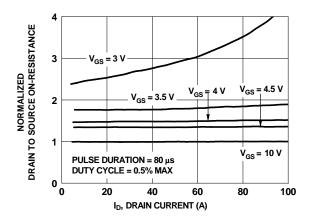


Figure 15. Normalized on-Resistance vs Drain Current and Gate Voltage

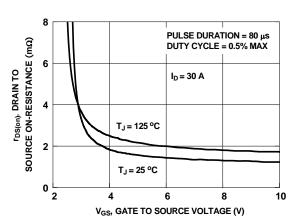


Figure 17. On-Resistance vs Gate to Source Voltage

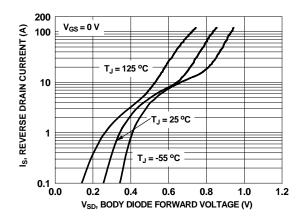


Figure 19. Source to Drain Diode Forward Voltage vs Source Current

Typical Characteristics (Q2 N-Channel) T_J = 25 °C unless otherwise noted

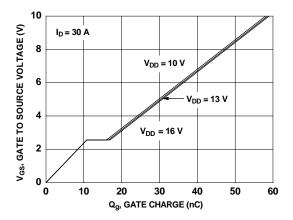


Figure 20. Gate Charge Characteristics

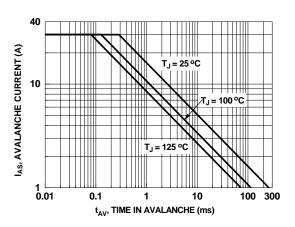


Figure 22. Unclamped Inductive Switching Capability

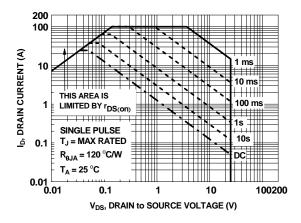


Figure 24. Forward Bias Safe Operating Area

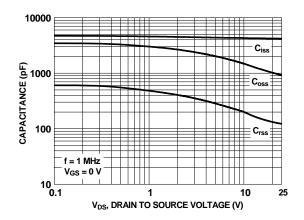


Figure 21. Capacitance vs Drain to Source Voltage

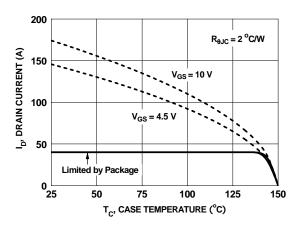


Figure 23.Maximun Continuous Drain Current vs Case Temperature

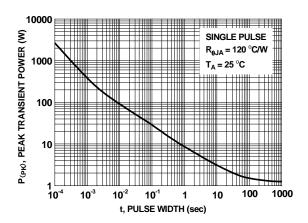


Figure 25. Single Pulse Maximum Power Dissipation

Typical Characteristics (Q2 N-Channel) $T_J = 25$ °C unless otherwise noted

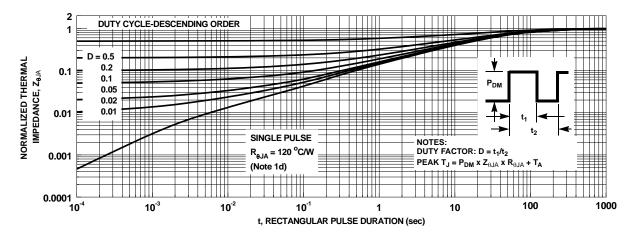


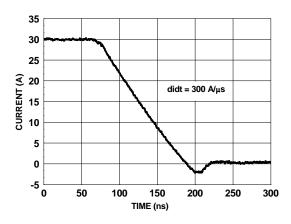
Figure 26. Junction-to-Ambient Transient Thermal Response Curve

Typical Characteristics (continued)

SyncFET Schottky body diode Characteristics

Fairchild's SyncFET process embeds a Schottky diode in parallel with PowerTrench MOSFET. This diode exhibits similar characteristics to a discrete external Schottky diode in parallel with a MOSFET. Figure 27 shows the reverse recovery characteristic of the FDMS3600S.

Schottky barrier diodes exhibit significant leakage at high temperature and high reverse voltage. This will increase the power in the device.



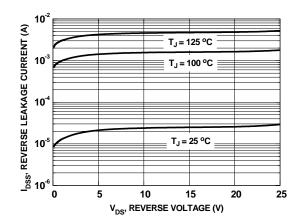
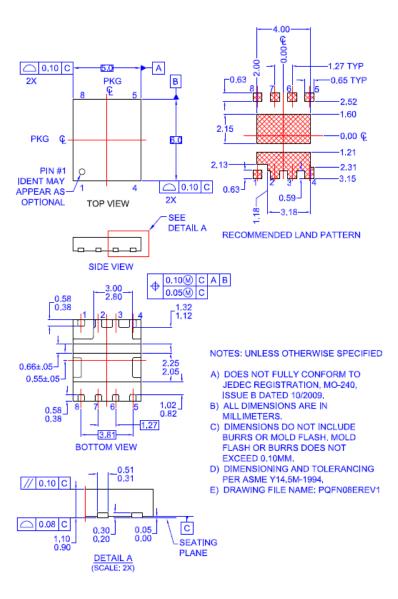


Figure 27. FDMS3600S SyncFET body diode reverse recovery characteristic

Figure 28. SyncFET body diode reverse leakage versus drain-source voltage

Dimensional Outline and Pad Layout







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No Identification Needed	Full Production	Datasheet contains final specifications. Fairchild Semiconductor reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice to improve the design.
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