BSS138

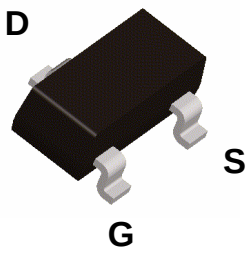
N-Channel Logic Level Enhancement Mode Field Effect Transistor

General Description

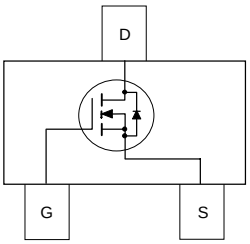
These N-Channel enhancement mode field effect transistors are produced using Fairchild's proprietary, high cell density, DMOS technology. These products have been designed to minimize on-state resistance while provide rugged, reliable, and fast switching performance.These products are particularly suited for low voltage, low current applications such as small servo motor control, power MOSFET gate drivers, and other switching applications.

Features

- 0.22 A, 50 V. $R_{DS(ON)}$ = 3.5Ω @ V_{GS} = 10 V
  $R_{DS(ON)}$ = 6.0Ω @ V_{GS} = 4.5 V
- High density cell design for extremely low $R_{DS(ON)}$
- Rugged and Reliable
- Compact industry standard SOT-23 surface mount package



SOT-23



Absolute Maximum Ratings

T_A=25°C unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Parameter	Ratings	Units
V_{DSS}	Drain-Source Voltage	50	V
V_{GSS}	Gate-Source Voltage	±20	V
I_D	Drain Current – Continuous (Note 1)	0.22	A
	– Pulsed	0.88	
P_D	Maximum Power Dissipation (Note 1)	0.36	W
	Derate Above 25°C	2.8	mW/°C
T_J, T_{STG}	Operating and Storage Junction Temperature Range	–55 to +150	°C
T_L	Maximum Lead Temperature for Soldering Purposes, 1/16" from Case for 10 Seconds	300	°C

Thermal Characteristics

$R_{\theta JA}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Ambient (Note 1)	350	°C/W

Package Marking and Ordering Information

Device Marking	Device	Reel Size	Tape width	Quantity
SS	BSS138	7''	8mm	3000 units

Electrical Characteristics

T_A = 25°C unless otherwise noted

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
Off Characteristics						
BV_{DSS}	Drain–Source Breakdown Voltage	V_{GS} = 0 V, I_D = 250 µA	50			V
$\frac{\Delta BV_{DSS}}{\Delta T_J}$	Breakdown Voltage Temperature Coefficient	I_D = 250 µA,Referenced to 25°C		72		mV/°C
I_{DSS}	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	V_{DS} = 50 V, V_{GS} = 0 V			0.5	µA
		V_{DS} = 30 V, V_{GS} = 0 V			100	nA
I_{GSS}	Gate–Body Leakage.	V_{GS} = ±20 V, V_{DS} = 0 V			±100	nA
On Characteristics (Note 2)						
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 1 mA	0.8	1.3	1.6	V
$\frac{\Delta V_{GS(th)}}{\Delta T_J}$	Gate Threshold Voltage Temperature Coefficient	I_D = 1 mA,Referenced to 25°C		–2		mV/°C
$R_{DS(on)}$	Static Drain–Source On–Resistance	V_{GS} = 10 V, I_D = 0.22 A V_{GS} = 4.5 V, I_D = 0.22 A			3.5 6.0	Ω
$I_{D(on)}$	On–State Drain Current	V_{GS} = 10 V, V_{DS} = 5 V	0.2			A
g_{FS}	Forward Transconductance	V_{DS} = 10V, I_D = 0.22 A	0.12			S
Dynamic Characteristics						
C_{iss}	Input Capacitance	V_{DS} = 25 V, V_{GS} = 0 V, f = 1.0 MHz		27		pF
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance			13		pF
C_{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			6		pF
R_G	Gate Resistance	V_{GS} = 15 mV, f = 1.0 MHz		9		Ω
Switching Characteristics (Note 2)						
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn–On Delay Time	V_{DD} = 30 V, I_D = 0.29 A, V_{GS} = 10 V, R_{GEN} = 6 Ω		2.5	5	ns
t_r	Turn–On Rise Time			9	18	ns
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn–Off Delay Time			20	36	ns
t_f	Turn–Off Fall Time			7	14	ns
Q_g	Total Gate Charge	V_{DS} = 25 V, I_D = 0.22 A, V_{GS} = 10 V		1.7	2.4	nC
Q_{gs}	Gate–Source Charge			0.1		nC
Q_{gd}	Gate–Drain Charge			0.4		nC
Drain–Source Diode Characteristics and Maximum Ratings						
I_S	Maximum Continuous Drain–Source Diode Forward Current				0.22	A
V_{SD}	Drain–Source Diode Forward Voltage	V_{GS} = 0 V, I_S = 0.44 A(Note 2)		0.8	1.4	V

Notes:

1. $R_{\theta JA}$ is the sum of the junction-to-case and case-to-ambient thermal resistance where the case thermal reference is defined as the solder mounting surface of the drain pins. $R_{\theta JC}$ is guaranteed by design while $R_{\theta CA}$ is determined by the user's board design.

a) 350°C/W when mounted on a minimum pad..

Scale 1 : 1 on letter size paper

2. Pulse Test: Pulse Width ≤ 300 µs, Duty Cycle ≤ 2.0%

Typical Characteristics

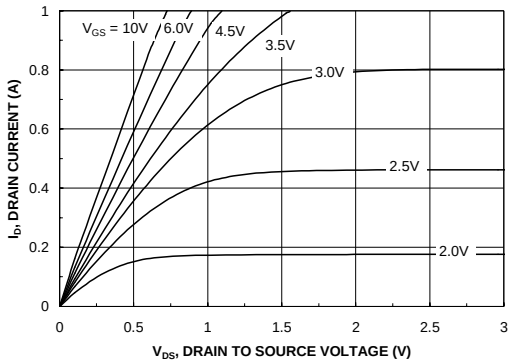


Figure 1. On-Region Characteristics.

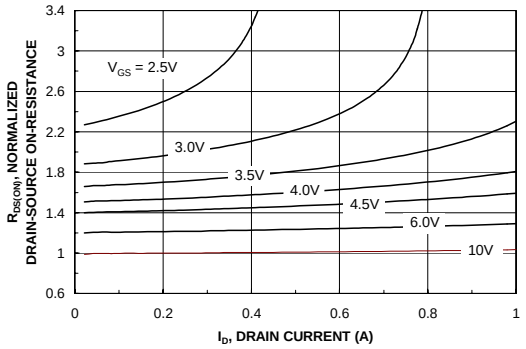


Figure 2. On-Resistance Variation with Drain Current and Gate Voltage.

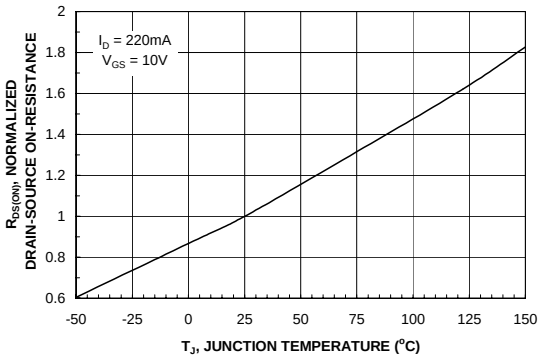


Figure 3. On-Resistance Variation with Temperature.

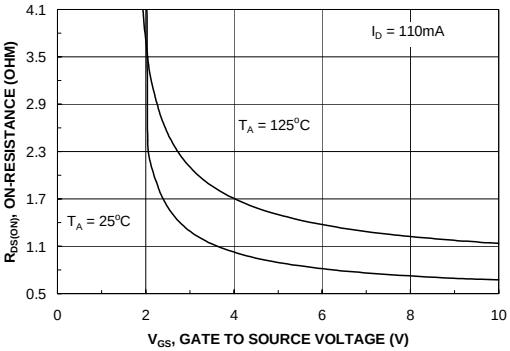


Figure 4. On-Resistance Variation with Gate-to-Source Voltage.

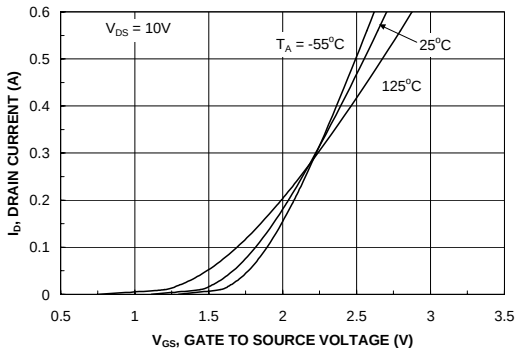


Figure 5. Transfer Characteristics.

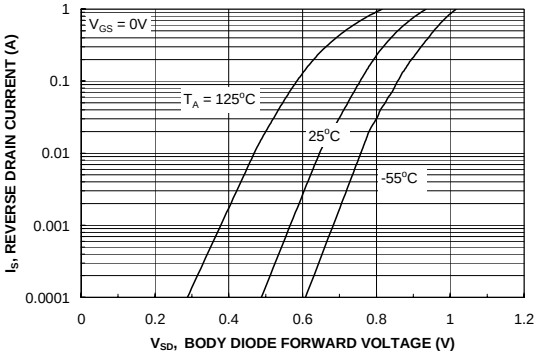


Figure 6. Body Diode Forward Voltage Variation with Source Current and Temperature.

Typical Characteristics

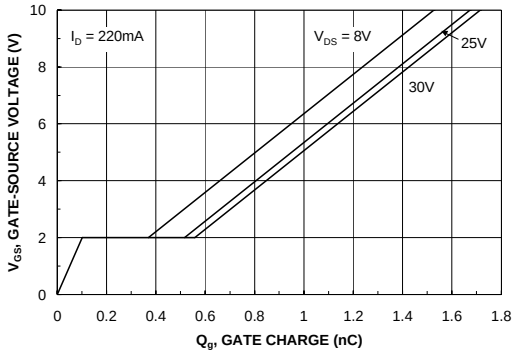


Figure 7. Gate Charge Characteristics.

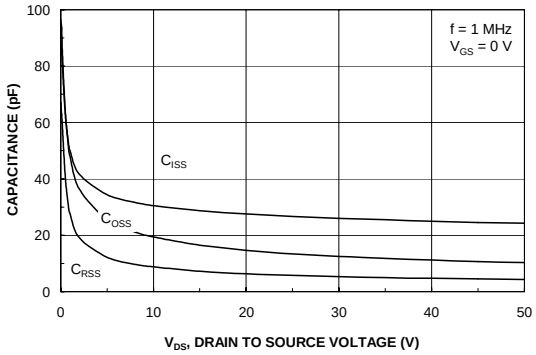


Figure 8. Capacitance Characteristics.

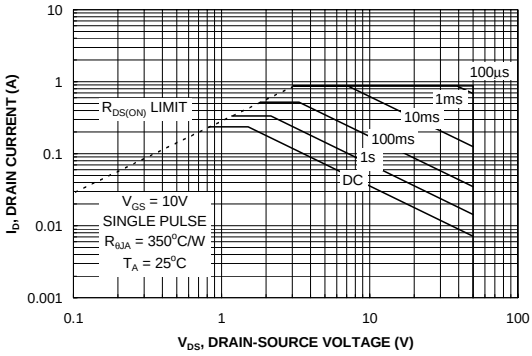


Figure 9. Maximum Safe Operating Area.

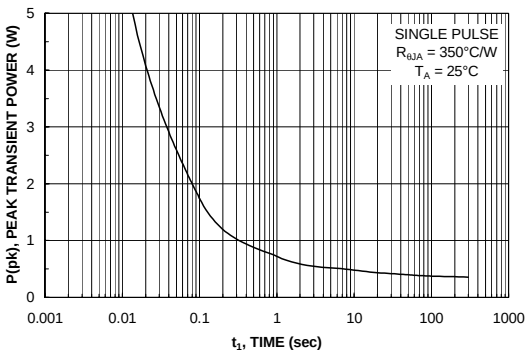


Figure 10. Single Pulse Maximum Power Dissipation.

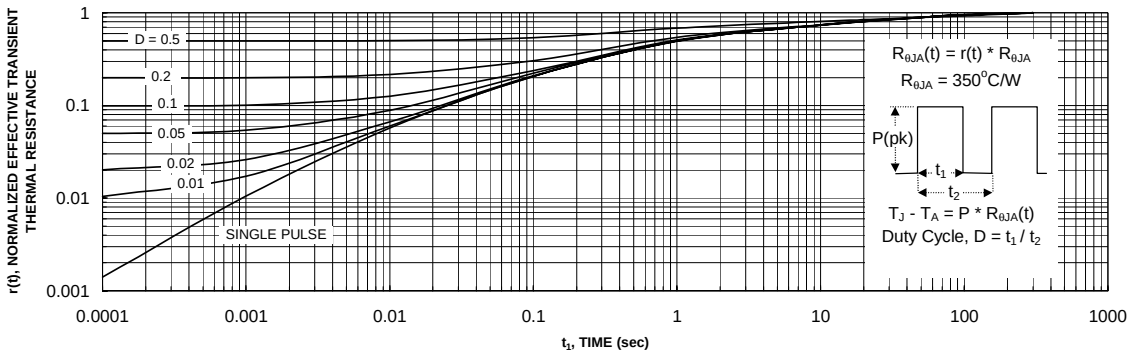


Figure 11. Transient Thermal Response Curve.

Thermal characterization performed using the conditions described in Note 1a.
Transient thermal response will change depending on the circuit board design.